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12						
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
14	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
15	OAKLAND DIVISION					
16	INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES	CASE NO: C 02 0647 SBA				
17	CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation,					
18	Plaintiff,	MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER AND				
19	v.	COUNTERCLAIMS				
20	MICROSOFT CORPORATION, a Washington Corporation,					
21	Defendant.	·				
22	MICROSOFT CORPORATION, a					
23	Washington corporation,					
24	Counterclaimant,					
25	v.					
26	INTERTRUST TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation,					
27	Counter-Defendant.					
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MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS CASE NO. C 02-0647 SBA Defendant Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") answers the Complaint of InterTrust Technologies Corporation ("InterTrust") as follows:

- 1. Microsoft admits that the Complaint purports to state a cause of action under the patent laws of the United States, 35 United States Code, §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now infringes the patent asserted against Microsoft in the Complaint. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 1 of the Complaint.
- 2. Microsoft admits that the Complaint purports to state a cause of action over which this Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 3. Microsoft admits, for purposes of this action only, that venue is proper in this judicial district. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 3 of the Complaint.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Microsoft admits the allegations of paragraph 4 of the Complaint.
 - 5. Microsoft admits the allegations of paragraph 5 of the Complaint.
- 6. Microsoft admits, for purposes of this action only, that it transacts business in this judicial district. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 6 of the Complaint.
- 7. Microsoft admits that on its face the title page of U.S. Patent No. 6,157,721 ("the '721 Patent") states that it was issued December 5, 2000, is entitled "Systems and methods using cryptography to protect secure computing environments," and lists "InterTrust Technologies Corp." as the assignee. Microsoft denies that the '721 Patent was duly and lawfully issued. Microsoft further denies, or lacks information or belief sufficient to admit or deny any and all remaining allegations of paragraph 7 of the Complaint.
- 8. Microsoft repeats and reasserts its responses to paragraphs 1-7 of the Complaint, as if fully restated herein.
- 9. Microsoft admits that the Complaint purports to state a cause of action under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271 and 281. Microsoft denies that it has infringed or now infringes the patent

1	asserted against Microsoft in the Complaint. Microsoft denies any and all remaining allegations		
2	of paragraph 9 of the Complaint.		
3	10. Microsoft denies, or lacks information and belief sufficient to admit or deny as to		
4	InterTrust's claim as to any and all allegations of paragraph 10 of the Complaint.		
5	11. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 11 of the Complaint.		
6	12. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 12 of the Complaint.		
.7	13. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 13 of the Complaint.		
8	14. Microsoft denies any and all allegations of paragraph 14 of the Complaint.		
9	AFFIRMATIVE AND OTHER DEFENSES		
10	Further answering the Complaint, Microsoft asserts the following defenses. Microsoft		
11	reserves the right to amend its answer with additional defenses as further information is obtained		
12	First Defense: Noninfringement of the Asserted Patent		
13	15. Microsoft has not infringed, contributed to the infringement of, or induced the		
14	infringement of U.S. Patent No. 6,157,721 ("the '721 Patent"), and is not liable for infringement		
15	thereof.		
16	16. Any and all Microsoft products or actions that are accused of infringement have		
17	substantial uses that do not infringe and therefore cannot induce or contribute to the infringement		
18	of the '721 Patent.		
19	Second Defense: Invalidity of the Asserted Patent		
20	17. On information and belief, the '721 Patent is invalid for failing to comply with the		
21	provisions of the Patent Laws, Title 35 U.S.C., including without limitation one or more of		
22	35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.		
23	Third Defense: Unavailability of Relief		
24	18. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements		
25	of 35 U.S.C. § 271(b) and is not entitled to any alleged damages prior to providing any actual		
26	notice to Microsoft of the '721 Patent.		
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Fourth Defense: Unavailability of Relief

19. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 284 for enhanced damages and is not entitled to any damages prior to providing any actual notice to Microsoft of the '721 Patent, and any alleged infringement thereof.

Fifth Defense: Unavailability of Relief

20. On information and belief, Plaintiff has failed to plead and meet the requirements f 35 U.S.C. § 287, and has otherwise failed to show that it is entitled to any damages.

Sixth Defense: Prosecution History Estoppel

21. Plaintiff's alleged cause of action for patent infringement is barred under the doctrine of prosecution history estoppel, and Plaintiff is estopped from claiming that the '721 Patent covers or includes any accused Microsoft product or method.

Seventh Defense: Dedication to the Public

Plaintiff (and its predecessors in interest) has dedicated to the public, and abandoned, all methods, apparatus, and products (a) disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,940,504 and not literally claimed therein, (b) disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,892,900 and not literally claimed therein, (c) disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,917,912 and not literally claimed therein, (d) disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,920,861 and not literally claimed therein, (e) disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,982,891 and not literally claimed therein, (f) disclosed in the '721 Patent and not literally claimed therein, (g) disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 6,185,683 B1 and not literally claimed therein, and/or (h) disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 6,253,193 B1 and not literally claimed therein, and is estopped from claiming infringement by any such public domain methods, apparatus, and products.

Eighth Defense: Use/Manufacture By/For United States Government

23. To the extent that any accused product has been used or manufactured by or for the United States, Plaintiff's claims and demands for relief are barred by 28 U.S.C. § 1498.

Ninth Defense: License

24. To the extent that Plaintiff's allegation of infringement is premised on the alleged

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1	use, sale, or offer for sale of a product that was manufactured by or for a licensee of InterTrust		
2	and/or provided by or to Microsoft to or by a licensee of InterTrust, such allegation is barred		
3	pursuant to license.		
4	Tenth Defense: Acquiescence		
5	25. Plaintiff has acquiesced in at least those acts of Microsoft that are alleged to		
6	infringe the '721 Patent.		
7	Eleventh Defense: Laches		
8	26. Plaintiff's claims for relief are barred, in whole or in part, by the equitable doctrine		
9	of laches.		
10	Twelfth Defense: Inequitable Conduct		
11	27. The '721 Patent claims are unenforceable due to inequitable conduct, including		
12	those acts and failures to act set forth in Count III of Microsoft's Counterclaims, set forth below.		
13	Thirteenth Defense: Unenforceability		
14	28. The claims of the '721 Patent are unenforceable due to unclean hands, inequitable		
15	conduct and misuse and illegal extension of the patent right, including those acts and failures to		
16	act set forth in Count IV of Microsoft's Counterclaims, set forth below.		
17	COUNTERCLAIMS COUNT I – DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF NONINFRINGEMENT		
18	1. This action arises under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 U.S.C. §§ 1,		
19	et seq. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this counterclaim under 28 U.S.C. §§ 133		
20	2201, and 2202.		
21	2. Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") is a Washington corporation with its		
23	principal place of business in Redmond, Washington.		
	3. On information and belief, Plaintiff/Counterclaim Defendant InterTrust		
24 25	Technologies Corporation ("InterTrust") is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of		
	business in Santa Clara, California.		
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1	4. InterTrust purports to be the owner of U.S. Patent No. 6,157,721 ("the '721		
2	Patent").		
3	5. InterTrust alleges that Microsoft has infringed the '721 Patent.		
4	6. InterTrust issued a press release on February 7, 2002. The press release stated that		
5	InterTrust had filed a lawsuit against Microsoft for patent infringement. The press release		
6	specificed that InterTrust "alleges infringement by Microsoft's 'Plug and Play' Driver		
. 7	Certification Program."		
8	7. Microsoft's certification of hardware drivers has not infringed, either directly or		
9	indirectly, any claim of the '721 Patent, and Microsoft is not liable for infringement thereof.		
10	8. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, exists		
11	between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to the		
12	infringement or noninfringement of the '721 Patent.		
13	COUNT II – DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF INVALIDITY OF THE '721 PATENT		
14	9. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if fully		
15	restated herein.		
16	10. The '721 Patent, and each claim thereof, is invalid for failing to comply with the		
17	provisions of the Patent Laws, including one or more of 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112.		
18	11. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, exists		
19	between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to whether		
20	the claims of the '721 Patent are valid or invalid.		
21	COUNT III - DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF UNENFORCEABILITY OF THE '721 PATENT		
22	12. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 of its Counterclaims, as if fully		
23	restated herein.		
24	13. Claims 1-43 of the '721 Patent application (SN 08/689,754), and claims 1-41 of		
25	the '721 Patent, were not and are not entitled to the benefit of any application filing date prior to		
26	August 12, 1996, under 35 U.S.C. § 120 or otherwise.		
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- 24. The '721 Patent is unenforceable due to the inequitable conduct of the '721 Patent applicants and/or agents before the Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the '721 Patent application (SN 08/689,754).
- 25. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to whether the claims of the '721 Patent are enforceable.

COUNT IV – DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF UNENFORCEABILITY

- 26. Microsoft repeats and realleges paragraphs 1-5 and 12-24 of its Counterclaims, as if fully restated herein.
- 27. In prosecuting, marketing, and enforcing various related patents, including the '721 Patent, InterTrust has engaged in a pattern of obfuscation as to the scope of the patents, the prior art to the patents, and the alleged "inventions" of the patents. For example, InterTrust has accused non-infringing products of infringement, has buried Patent Office Examiners with a collection of more than 400 references, many of which were not related to the particular claims in issue, and has buried the Examiners with hundreds or thousands of pages of redundant, verbose, unclear text, effectively prohibiting a real comparison of the alleged "invention" versus the prior art. This pattern of intentional conduct constitutes an abuse of the patent system, unclean hands, misuse and illegal extension of the patent right, rendering the '721 Patent unenforceable, as well as invalid under Section 112.
- 28. An actual controversy, within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, exists between Microsoft, on the one hand, and InterTrust, on the other hand, with respect to whether the claims of the '721 Patent are enforceable.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Microsoft prays for the following relief:

A. The Court enter judgment against InterTrust, and dismiss with prejudice, any and all claims of the Complaint;

DECLARATION OF SERVICE VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL AND U.S. MAIL

I am more than eighteen years old and not a party to this action. My place of employment and business address is 1000 Marsh Road, Menlo Park, California 94025.

On April 12, 2002, I served:

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MICROSOFT CORPORATION'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER AND COUNTERCLAIMS

By transmitting a copy of the above-listed document(s) in PDF form via electronic mail Michael 7

H. Page at mhp@kvn.com, Christopher P. Isaac at chris.isaac@finnegan.com, Stephen E. Taylor at staylor@tcolaw.com and James E. Geringer at james.geringer@klarquist.com and

also by placing true and correct copies of the above documents in an envelope addressed to:

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CORPORATION

and sealing the envelope, affixing adequate first-class postage and depositing it in the U.S. mail at Menlo Park, California. Executed on April 12, 2002 at Menlo Park, California. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Print Name Signature